

RS - 44(R424A)

Safety Data Sheet

06/01/2015

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier Product Form: Mixture Product Name: RS - 44 (R424A) Alternate Names: Blended FormulaIntended Use of the Product Refrigerant Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party Company ComStar International Inc. 20-45 128th Street, College Point, NY 11356 **Emergency Telephone Number** Emergency number :(800) 328-0142, (718) 445-7900

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture Classification (GHS-US) Simple Asphyxiant Liquefied gas H280 Label Elements **GHS-US** Labeling Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: Warning : H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation : P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) Other Hazardsx

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification: Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Liquid contact with eyes or skin may cause frostbite. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Pentafluoroethane (HFC125)	(CAS No) 354-33-6	50	Simple Asphyxiant Liquefied gas, H280
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	(CAS No) 811-97-2	47	Simple Asphyxiant Liquefied gas, H280
Isobutane (HC-R600a)	(CAS No) 75-28-5	0.9	Simple Asphyxiant Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280
Butane (HC-R600)	(CAS No) 106-97-8	1	Simple Asphyxiant Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280
Isopentane (HC-R601a)	(CAS No) 78-78-4	0.6	Simple Asphyxiant Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280

full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible).

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Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Vapors are heavier than air and may cause asphyxia by reduction of the oxygen content.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Liquid contact may cause frostbite.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: RS - 44 is not flammable at atmospheric pressure and in air at temperatures up to 100 °C (212 °F). RS - 44 should not exist with air/excess oxygen at elevated pressures and high temperatures. RS - 44 Can become combustible with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature and in the presence of an ignition source. These substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). For example, do not mix RS - 44 with air under pressure for leak detection purposes.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Halogenated hydrocarbons. Hydrogen Fluoride (HF).

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions. Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Ventilate area.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Chlorine.

Storage Area: Store in a well-ventilated place.

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Specific End Use(s)

Refrigerant.

Control Parameters		
Isobutane (HC-600a) (75-28-5) / Butane (HC-R600) (106-97-8) / Isopentane (HC-R601a) (78-78-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1900 mg/m3
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	800 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	800 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	1250 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
Pentafluoroethane (HFC125 (35	4-33-6)	
AEL*	OEL 8 & 12 hr TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
AIHA WEEL	OEL 8 hr TWA	1000 ppm, 4900 mg/m3
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-	134a) (811-97-2)	
AEL*	OEL 8 & 12 hr TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
AIHA WEEL	OEL 8 hr TWA	1000 ppm, 4900 mg/m3

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Impervious butyl rubber gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

Consumer Exposure Controls: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
Physical State	: Liquefied Gas	
Appearance	: Colorless	
Odor	: Slightly ethereal	
Odor Threshold	: Not available	
рН	: Neutral	
Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1)	: Not available	
Melting Point	: Not available	
Freezing Point	: Not available	
Boiling Point	: Dew @ 1 atm35.9 °C (-32.6 °F)	
	Bubble @ 1 atm41.3 °C (-42.4 °F)	
Flash Point	: Not available	
Auto-ignition Temperature	: > 550 °C (1022 °F)	
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available	
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available	
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available	
Vapor Pressure	: @ 20 °C (68 °F) 120.6 psia	
	@ 60 °C (140 °F) 340.3psia	

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Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available
Relative Density	: Not available
Density	: Liquid @ 1 atm. 87.25 lb/ft3
-	Vapor @ 1 atm3633 lb/ft3
Specific Gravity	: Not available
Solubility	: Not available
Partition coefficient	: n-octanol/water Not available
Viscosity	: Not available
Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Mechanical Im	pact : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Static Dischar	ge : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.
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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Ignition sources. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Halogenated hydrocarbons. Hydrogen Fluoride (HF).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: Not available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Liquid contact may cause frostbite.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Pentafluoroethane (HFC125) (354-33-6)

. ,. ,	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	2910 g/m3 (Exposure time: 4 h)
ATE US (vapors)	2,910.00 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	2,910.00 mg/l/4h
Isobutane (HC-600a) (75-28-5) / Butane (HC-R600) (106-97-8) / Isopentane (HC-R601a) (78-78-4)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	658 mg/l/4h
ATE US (vapors)	658.00 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	658.00 mg/l/4h
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) (811-97-2)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	1500 g/m3 (Exposure time: 4 h)
ATE US (vapors)	1,500.00 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1,500.00 mg/l/4h

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<u>Toxicity</u> Not classified <u>Persistence and Degradability</u> Not available <u>Bioaccumulative Potential</u> Safety Data Sheet

Isobutane (HC-600a) (75-28-5) /	Butane (HC-R600) (106-97-8) / Isopentane (HC-R601a) (78-78-4)
BCF fish 1	1.57 - 1.97
Log Pow	2.88 (at 20 °C)
Mobility in Soil Not available	
Other Adverse Effects	
Other Information: Avoid release	to the environment.
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSID	ERATIONS
all local, regional, national, and int	d release to the environment.
14.1 In Accordance with DOT	LIQUEFUED CAS, N.O.S. (Pontofluoroothono, 4.4.4.) Totafluoroothono)
Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class	: LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)
Identification Number	: 2.2 : UN3163
Label Codes	: 2.2
ERG Number	: 126
14.2 In Accordance with IMDG	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Proper Shipping Name	: LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane)
Hazard Class	: 2.2
Identification Number	: UN3163
Label Codes : 2.2	
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-C
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-V
14.3 In Accordance with IATA	•
Proper Shipping Name	: LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)
Identification Number	: UN3163
Hazard Class	: 2.2
Label Codes	: 2.2
ERG Code (IATA)	: 2L
14.4 In Accordance with TDG	
Proper Shipping Name N.O.S.(Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2	: LIQUEFIED GAS,
Hazard Class	
Identification Number	: UN3163
Label Codes	: 2.2
SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFO	
US Federal Regulations	
RS - 44 (R424A)	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard C	Sudden release of pressure hazard
RS - 44 (R424A)	
EPA Clean Air Act	This product is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations Section 608 in 40 CFR Part 82
Pentafluoroethane (HFC125) (35	<u>i4-33-6)</u>

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Isobutane (HC-600a) (75-28-5) / Butane (HC-R600) (106-97-8) / Isopentane (HC-R601a) (78-78-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) (811-97-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

US State Regulations

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Isobutane (HC-600a) (75-28-5) U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Canadian Regulations

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WHMIS Classification

Class A - Compressed Gas



Pentafluoroethane (HFC125) (354-33-6)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	inventory.
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Isobutane (HC_600a) (75-28-5) / Butane (HC_P600) (106-07-8) / Isonentane (HC_P601a) (78-78-4)	

<u>Isobutane (HC-600a) (75-26-5) / Butane (HC-R600) (106-97-6) / Isopentane (HC-R601a) (76-76-4)</u>		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas	
	Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas	

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) (811-97-2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) i	nventory.
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date	: 05/01/2015
Other Information	: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements
	of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
Liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
Simple Asphyxiant	Simple Asphyxiantxiant
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

ComStar International Inc. 20-45 128th Street, College Point, NY 11356 (800) 328-0142 www.comstarproducts.com

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 – PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: RS-44 (R-424A) **Product use:** Refrigerant gas Chemical Family: Hydrofluorocarbon/Hydrocarbon blend

Supplier name and address:

Manufacturer's name and address: Refer to Supplier

Refrigerant Services Inc. 15 Williams Ave. Dartmouth, N.S., B3B 1X3 PH: (902)468-4997 1-866-999-2653 Fax: (902)468-5102 E-mail: info@rscool.com Web-site: rscool.com **Emergency Telephone #:** n/av

WHMIS CLASS: A,D2

SECTION 2 – HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Ingredients		CAS#	Composition
Pentafluoroethane	(HFC-125)	354-33-6	50.5%
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	(HFC-134a)	811-97-2	47.0%
Butane	(R-600)	106-97-8	1.0%
Isobutane	(R-600a)	75-28-5	0.9%
Iso-pentane	(R-601a)	78-78-4	0.6%

SECTION 3 – PHYSICAL DATA

Physical state, odour and appearance: Gas at normal conditions of 25°C and 1 atm. Colorless liquid and vapor. Odor faint ether like. **Odour threshold:** n/av Specific gravity of vapor (at 25°C, air=1): 3.41 Specific gravity of liquid (at 25°C, water=1): 1.17 Coefficient or water/oil distribution: n/av Vapour pressure (psig @ 25°C): 125.5 **Boiling point (1 atm): -**38.7C (-37.6F) Melting/freezing point: n/ap Vapour density @ 25C (kg/cubic meter): 43.6 Volatiles, vol%: 100% Solubility in water: Insoluble.

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SECTION 4 – FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Conditions of flammability: Non-flammable Means of extinction: n/ap Sensitivity to mechanical impact/static discharge: not susceptible Flash point (Method): n/ap Lower/upper flammable limits (% by volume): n/ap Auto-ignition temperature: not determined Extinguishing media: As appropriate for combustibles in area Hazardous combustion products: may decompose and form toxic gases Fire fighting procedures: Use self contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing

SECTION 5 – REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable at normal conditions: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, finely divided aluminium.

Conditions of reactivity: It has been reported that industry experience shows that alkali and alkaline earth metals (i.e., sodium, potassium and barium) in their free metallic form may react violently with fluorocarbons. It has been noted that since materials become more reactive when finely ground, metals such as magnesium and aluminium in the powdered form may also react, especially in high temperatures. Avoid conditions where RS-44 may contact open flames or extremely hot metal surfaces as product may decompose to form Hydrogen Fluoride (HF).

Hazardous decomposition products: Hydrogen Fluoride (HF)

SECTION 6 – TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Occupational Exposure limits: 1000 ppm (TWA)

Inhalation: RS-44 is relatively non-toxic following acute exposure. Although no long term comprehensive studies have specifically investigated acute overexposure of humans to RS-44, experience indicates the cardiovascular and respiratory are the primary systems affected. Abuse (intentional inhalation) may cause death. Human exposure to high concentrations (e.g. 20%) may cause confusion, lung (respiratory) irritation, tremors and perhaps coma, but these affects are generally short lived and reversible without late after effects when removed to fresh air, LC50 values for rats and mice range from 500,000 to 800,000 ppm (vol.) over varying time periods of 15 minutes to 2 hours. High atmospheric concentrations of RS-44 produce stimulation and then depression and finally asphyxiation.

Eyes/skin contact: Contact of RS-44 vapour should not cause injury. Contact of liquid will result in freezing and frostbite of contacted tissue.

Ingestion: Not probable. At atmospheric pressure, the liquid RS-44 boils at -38.7° C. Freezing and severe frostbite of contacted tissue will result.

Human poisoning potential: Sniffing of fluorocarbon propellants for their intoxicating effects has produced over 100 deaths. Fluorocarbon exhibit very toxic properties (asphyxiation, cardiac arrhythmias) when sniffed; however, because of variations in response, it is difficult to predict which symptoms will be exhibited following exposure. It is possible that individuals with heart and respiratory disorders may prove especially susceptible.

Chronic effects: None known Sensitization to material: Product is not known to cause allergies. Cardiac Sensitization Threshold: 50,000 ppm Carcinogenic Effects: None known Synergistic materials: Not Available.

SECTION 7 – FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Vapour contact – primary route of exposure. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest. If breathing is difficult (laboured), give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and check for pulse. At high levels cardiac arrhythmia may occur. If no pulse, start CPR (cardiopulmonary resuscitation). DO NOT give stimulants (adrenaline, epinephrine, or hand held asthma aerosols). Call physician. Keep patient at rest for 24 hours after exposure. No long-term effects are expected.

Skin and/or eyes: Vapour contact – flush with fresh water for at least 20 minutes. Liquid contact – flush exposed area with lukewarm water or otherwise warm skin slowly. Frostbite is probable Treat accordingly. Call a physician.

Ingestion: Liquid – Not probable – if ingested however, keep patient calm, if conscious, and get a physician immediately – frostbite is probable, indicated by necrosis of lips and tongue (contacted tissue), blanching of skin, pain, tenderness. Warm skin slowly.

SECTION 8 – PREVENTIVE MEASURES

Spill, leak or release: Keep upwind. Ventilate enclosed spaces until gas is dispersed..Do not smoke or operate internal combustion engines in immediate vicinity.Waste disposal: Consult federal, provincial and local regulations for allowed means of disposal.

*****PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT*****

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is not needed of concentrations are controlled. If concentrations exceed TLV 1,000 ppm, use an approved respirator for organic vapour. In very high concentrations, self contained breathing equipment should be used.

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Engineering Controls: Local or mechanical ventilation to keep concentrations below exposure limits.

Protective Gloves: Cloth lined rubber.

Eye Protection: Goggles are recommended. A full face shield if splashing possible. **Other protective equipment:** Depending on exposure and on workplace standards.

*** STORAGE AND HANDLING***

Handling procedures and equipment: Do not breathe vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wear protective clothing. Not for food, drug or cosmetic use. Store and use adequate ventilation. Never use in closed or confined space. RS-44 is shipped and stored as a liquefied compressed gas under pressure.

Storage requirements: Cylinder's to be stored in the upright position in a cool, dry place.

Special shipping instructions: TDG – Refrigerant gases N.O.S.*, class 2.2 UN3163 (refrigerant blend containing: pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane, butane, isobutane, iso-pentane mixture)

SECTION 9 – PREPARATION INFORMATION

Prepared by: Refrigerant Services Inc. **Telephone#:** (902) 468-4997 **Preparation date:** May 29, 2012

Additional notes:

Abbreviations:

N/ap	not applicable
N/av	not available
HF	Hydrogen Fluoride
TCC	Taglibue Closed Cup
TDG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods act and regulations
TLV	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time Weighted Average
WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Safety System

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in a process unless specified in the text.

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