

**HIGHSIDE CHEMICALS, INC****Material Safety Data Sheet****1. Product and Company Identification**

**Product Name:** Rust Buster  
**SDS Number:** 14224  
**Intended Use:** Corrosion inhibitor  
**Manufacturer:** Highside Chemicals, Inc.  
 11114 Reichold Road  
 Gulfport, MS 39503  
**Customer Service:** 228-896-9220  
**Technical Information:** 228-896-9220

**2. Hazards Identification**Emergency OverviewNFPA

This material is not considered hazardous according to OSHA criteria.

**Appearance:** Clear and bright

**Physical Form:** Liquid

**Odor:** Petroleum

Potential Health Effects

**Eye:** Contact may cause mild eye irritation including stinging, watering, and redness.

**Skin:** Contact may cause mild skin irritation including redness and a burning sensation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. A component of this material may cause an allergic skin reaction. No harmful effects from skin absorption are expected.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** No information available on acute toxicity.

**Ingestion (Swallowing):** Low degree of toxicity by ingestion.

**Signs and Symptoms:** Inhalation of oil mists or vapors generated at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Accidental ingestion can result in minor irritation of the digestive tract, nausea and diarrhea.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:** Conditions which may be aggravated by exposure include skin disorders.

See Section 11 for additional Toxicity Information.

**3. Composition / Information on Ingredients**

Component	CASRN	Concentration <sup>1</sup>
Lubricant Base Oil (Petroleum)	VARIOUS	>99
Additives PROPRIETARY		<1

<sup>1</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

**4. First Aid Measures**

**Eye Contact:** If irritation or redness develops from exposure, flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated shoes and clothing and cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek medical attention.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen or artificial respiration should be administered by qualified personnel. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

**Ingestion (Swallowing):** First aid is not normally required; however, if swallowed and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

**Notes to Physician:** Acute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

## 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

### NFPA 704 Hazard Class

**Health:** 0    **Flammability:** 1    **Instability:** 0            (0-Minimal, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Severe)

**Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards:** This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray is recommended. Water or foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 212°F / 100°C. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Oxides of sulfur, nitrogen or phosphorus may also be formed.

See Section 9 for Flammable Properties including Flash Point and Flammable (Explosive) Limits

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Personal Precautions:** This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

**Environmental Precautions:** Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard. Spills into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines that cause a sheen or discoloration on the surface of the water, may require notification of the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

**Methods for Containment and Clean-Up:** Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

## 7. Handling and Storage

**Precautions for safe handling:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Keep away from flames and hot surfaces.

Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Component	ACGIH	OSHA	Other
Lubricant Base Oil (Petroleum)	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as Oil Mist, if generated	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as Oil Mist, if generated	---

**Note: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.**

**Engineering controls:** If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

**Eye/Face Protection:** The use of eye protection that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended to protect against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

**Skin/Hand Protection:** The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact. Users should check with manufacturers to confirm the breakthrough performance of their products. Suggested protective materials: Nitrile.

**Respiratory Protection:** Where there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limit a NIOSH certified air purifying respirator equipped with R or P95 filters may be used.

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentration (as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions), in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or under conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

**Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals.**

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Note:** Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm). Data represent typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

<b>Appearance:</b>	Clear and bright
<b>Physical Form:</b>	Liquid
<b>Odor:</b>	Petroleum
<b>Odor Threshold:</b>	No data
<b>pH:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	<1 mm Hg
<b>Vapor Density (air=1):</b>	>1
<b>Initial Boiling Point/Range:</b>	No data
<b>Melting/Freezing Point:</b>	<-0.4°F / <-18°C
<b>Pour Point:</b>	<-0.4°F / <-18°C
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Negligible
<b>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) (Kow):</b>	No data
<b>Specific Gravity (water=1):</b>	0.86 - 0.87 @ 60°F (15.6°C)
<b>Bulk Density:</b>	7.2 - 7.3 lbs/gal
<b>Viscosity:</b>	5 - 11 cSt @ 100°C; 30 - 110 cSt @ 40°C

<b>Percent Volatile:</b>	Negligible
<b>Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1):</b>	<1
<b>Flash Point:</b>	>302°F / >150°C
<b>Test Method:</b>	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup (PMCC), ASTM D93, EPA 1010
<b>Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air):</b>	No data
<b>Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air):</b>	No data
<b>Auto-ignition Temperature:</b>	No data

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Stability:** Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause decomposition.

**Materials to Avoid (Incompatible Materials):** Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Not anticipated under normal conditions of use.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Not known to occur.

## 11. Toxicological Information

### Chronic Toxicity:

#### Lubricant Base Oil (Petroleum)

**Carcinogenicity:** The petroleum base oils contained in this product have been highly refined by a variety of processes including severe hydrocracking/hydroprocessing to reduce aromatics and improve performance characteristics. All of the oils meet the IP-346 criteria of less than 3 percent PAH's and are not considered carcinogens by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

### Acute Toxicity:

Component	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Irgalube 2030 A (<1% - Sensitization only)	> 2 g/kg (estimated)	> 2 g/kg (estimated)	
Lubricant Base Oil (Petroleum)	> 5 g/kg	> 2 g/kg	> 5 mg/L

## 12. Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity:** Experimental studies show that acute aquatic toxicity values are greater than 1000 mg/l. These values are consistent with the predicted aquatic toxicity of these substances based on their hydrocarbon compositions.

**Mobility:** Volatilization to air is not expected to be a significant fate process due to the low vapor pressure of this material. In water, base oils will float and spread over the surface at a rate dependent upon viscosity. There will be significant removal of hydrocarbons from the water by sediment adsorption. In soil and sediment, hydrocarbon components will show low mobility with adsorption to sediments being the predominant physical process. The main fate process is expected to be slow biodegradation of base oil components in soil and sediment.

**Persistence and degradability:** The hydrocarbons in this material are not readily biodegradable, but since they can be degraded by microorganisms, they are regarded as inherently biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulation Potential:** Log Kow values measured for the hydrocarbon components of this material range from 4 to over 6, and therefore regarded as having the potential to bioaccumulate. In practice, metabolic processes may reduce bioconcentration.

### 13. Disposal Considerations

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations.

This material, if discarded as produced, would not be a federally regulated RCRA "listed" hazardous waste and is not believed to exhibit characteristics of hazardous waste. See Sections 7 and 8 for information on handling, storage and personal protection and Section 9 for physical/chemical properties. It is possible that the material as produced contains constituents which are not required to be listed in the MSDS but could affect the hazardous waste determination. Additionally, use which results in chemical or physical change of this material could subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste.

This material under most intended uses would become "Used Oil" due to contamination by physical or chemical impurities. Whenever possible, Recycle used oil in accordance with applicable federal and state or local regulations. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard.

### 14. Transportation Information

#### U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Shipping Description: *Not regulated*  
Note: *If shipped by land in a packaging having a capacity of 3,500 gallons or more, the provisions of 49 CFR, Part 130 apply. (Contains oil)*

#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

Shipping Description: *Not regulated*  
Note: *U.S. DOT compliance requirements may apply. See 49 CFR 171.22, 23 & 25.*

#### International Civil Aviation Org. / International Air Transport Assoc. (ICAO/IATA)

UN/ID #: *Not regulated*

	LTD. QTY	Passenger Aircraft	Cargo Aircraft Only
Packaging Instruction #:	---	---	855
Max. Net Qty. Per Package:	---	---	---
Packaging Instruction # after 12/31/2010:	---	---	---

### 15. Regulatory Information

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds):

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Acute Health: No  
Chronic Health: No  
Fire Hazard: No  
Pressure Hazard: No  
Reactive Hazard: No

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372.

#### EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds):

This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.

#### California Proposition 65:

This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

#### Canadian Regulations:

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Regulations.

WHMIS Hazard Class  
None

**National Chemical Inventories:**

All components are either listed on the US TSCA Inventory, or are not regulated under TSCA.

All components are either on the DSL, or are exempt from DSL listing requirements.

**U.S. Export Control Classification Number:** EAR99

**16. Other Information**

<b>Date of Issue:</b>	31-Mar-2012
<b>Status:</b>	FINAL
<b>Previous Issue Date:</b>	None
<b>Revised Sections or Basis for Revision:</b>	Product Name / Synonyms (Section 1)
<b>SDS Number:</b>	14224

**Guide to Abbreviations:**

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; GHS = Globally Harmonized System; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; LEL = Lower Explosive Limit; NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = Upper Explosive Limit; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

**Disclaimer of Expressed and implied Warranties:**

The information presented in this Material Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Material Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE. No responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use. In addition, no authorization is given nor implied to practice any patented invention without a license.

**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**SUPCO M044**  
**RUST BREAKER**

CATALOG NO. CR-1

**SECTION I-IDENTIFICATION**

DISTRIBUTED BY: SUPCO

ADDRESS 2230 Landmark Place  
Allenwood, NJ 08720

EMERGENCY Phone No. 800-255-3924 Chem-Tel (Chemical Emergencies Only)

PHONE NUMBER FOR INFORMATION: 770-593-0900 Fax: 770-593-8600

DATE REVISED: 15 October 2002

NAME OF PREPARER: ANTHONY E. JERNIGAN

<b>HAZARD RATINGS</b>	
<b>HMIS DATA</b>	
HEALTH = 1	0 = NONE
FIRE = 1	1 = SLIGHT
REACTIVITY = 0	2 = MODERATE
	3 = HIGH
	4 = EXTREME
PERSONAL PROTECTION INDEX = B	

**SECTION II HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS INFORMATION**

INGREDIENT	CAS NO	OSHA PEL	ACIGH TLV	OTHER STEL	% or RNG
Aromatic Petroleum Naptha	64742-47-8	No data	No data		>80
Aromatic Petroleum Naptha	64742- 30-9	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mist)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mist)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mist)	<20

EPA HAZARD CATEGORIES: None

**SECTION III – PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Boiling Point: >350°F	Specific gravity (H2O = 1): 0.85
Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 0.01 @20°C	Melting Point(Pour Point):Not applicable
Vapor Density (Air=1): 1.4	Evaporation Rate (Water = 1): Not applicable
Solubility in water: Insoluble in water	
Appearance and odor: Clear amber liquid; bland odor.	

**SECTION IV- FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point (Method Used): >200°F (COC) Flammable Limits: LEL: N/A UEL: N/A

Extinguishing media: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, foam, water fog

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR NIOSH/MNSA APPROVED SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND FULL PROTECTIVE GEAR WHEN FIGHTING FIRES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT. Keep containers cooled with a water spray if involved in a fire

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Burning fluid may evolve irritating/noxious fumes and dense smoke. Water may cause frothing or splattering when used as an extinguishing agent.

**SECTION V – REACTIVITY DATA**

Stability-Stable

Conditions to avoid: Excessive heat; formation of oil mist.

Incompatibility (Materials to avoid): Strong oxidizers, strong alkalis, strong acids, compressed oxygen

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other unidentified fragments when burned.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

## SECTION VI- HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry: Inhalation: yes Skin: yes Ingestion: yes Eyes: yes  
Health Hazards (acute and chronic): Short- term contact with skin is not expected to result in adverse effects. Prolonged skin contact may cause mild defatting or local discomfort. Eye contact may result in temporary irritation. Prolonged breathing of oil mists may cause pneumonitis, irritation of nose and throat, headache, nausea or drowsiness.

Carcinogenicity: NTP? no IARC Monographs? no OSHA Regulated? No

Signs and symptoms of exposure:

Inhalation: If sprayed or misted may cause chemical pneumonitis. This product is not toxic by inhalation.

Skin: Minimally irritating. Prolonged contact may cause dermatitis, redness or defatting.

Ingestion: **Do not take internally.** Low toxicity on ingestion. May cause nausea or diarrhea.

Eyes: May cause eye temporary irritation or discomfort.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Contact or breathing mists may exacerbate existing skin or respiratory disorders. See Health Hazards section above.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation persists

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water. Launder or dry clean clothes before reuse. Discard contaminated leather articles.

Inhalation: Evacuate to a safe area with plenty of fresh air. Allow the affected individual to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical aid if symptoms persist.

Ingestion: If more than several ounces of material are swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give two 16 ounce glasses of water and get medical attention.

## SECTION VII – PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND STORAGE

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED:

Wear recommended protective clothing. Remove contaminated garments promptly. Remove unnecessary personnel from the area. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Contain the spill by diking if possible. Absorb the liquid with an inert absorbent such as sand, dirt, vermiculite or "oil-dri", or use commercial oil absorbent pads. Transfer liquids and solid diking material to suitable containers, and dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

DO NOT contaminate municipal sewers or other open bodies of water with runoff.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS: Incinerate this material and all associated wastes in accordance with governmental regulations. Dispose of empty containers in a safe and environmentally responsible manner.

HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep containers closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner, and in accordance with all governmental regulations.

Keep this and all chemicals out of the reach of children.

## SECTION VIII – CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type): Use in a well-ventilated area. If mist is being generated and exceeds the TLV, a respiratory program meeting OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed.

Ventilation: Local exhaust is recommended when used in enclosed areas.

Protective Gloves: Neoprene, nitrile, or other materials may be used if there is documented evidence of compatibility may be used as necessary to limit contact hazards.

Eye protection: Safety glasses (ANSI Z87.1) or approved equivalent.

Other Protective Clothing: Neoprene aprons, overshoes, oversleeves or other impervious clothing as necessary to minimize exposure.

Work Hygienic Practices: Use proper industrial hygiene practices to minimize hazardous exposure. Wash hands after handling this material, and before eating or smoking.



## SECTION IX – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Transportation Information:

DOT HAZARD LABEL: None

TSCA: All ingredients are TSCA approved.

SARA TITLE III Reporting Requirements:

Section 302: EHS reporting not required

Section 304: Hazardous releases reporting not required

Section 311: Community Right To Know reporting is required if the inventory is above the Threshold Planning Quantity

Section 312: R-T-K Inventory data reporting required for inventory above the TPQ

Section 313: Emissions and release reporting may be required for users of this product within the manufacturing sector. This does not apply to service companies.

CAUTION: Misuse of empty containers can be hazardous. Empty containers can be hazardous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers might cause fire, explosion or toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose to open flame or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE. IT IS PROVIDED INDEPENDENTLY OF ANY SALE OF THE PRODUCT FOR PURPOSE OF HAZARD COMMUNICATION AS PART OF THE PRODUCT SAFETY PROGRAM. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION CONCERNING THE PRODUCT. NO EXPRESS WARRANTY, OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT OR THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN. DATA SHEETS ARE AVAILABLE FOR ALL PRODUCTS. YOU ARE URGED TO OBTAIN DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS YOU BUY, PROCESS, USE OR DISTRIBUTE AND YOU ARE ENCOURAGED AND REQUESTED TO ADVISE THOSE WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH SUCH PRODUCTS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.