

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Material Name Chemical Category Product Code

Product Description

Product Use Manufacturer Roof Flashing Cement

- Mixture - 16-210

- Black paste.

Repair cracks, seams and holes in roofing materials.

UTILITY

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INFOTRAC: (800) 535-5053 24 hours per day - 7 days a week

Last Revision Date

2016-02-08

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS

SIGNAL WORD: WARNING!

Flammable liquid (paste) and Vapor. Contains Combustible Petroleum Distillates. Harmful or Fatal if swallowed. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor and use only in adequate ventilation. Repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvent vapor may cause brain and nervous system damage, respiratory tract

irritation, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. May cause skin and eye irritation.

Prevention Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors and/or spray. Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use

personal protective equipment as required. Keep out of reach of children.

Response IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF exposed or if you

feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage/Disposal Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Dispose of content and/or container in

accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.



Physical Form - Liquid (PASTE)

Color - Black

Odor - Petroleum solvent odor. Flash Point - 105 F(40.5556 C)

OSHA HCS 2012 - Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye

Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

WHMIS - Class B - Flammable and Combustible Materials - Division 3, Class D - Poisonous and

Infectious Materials - Division 2 - Subdivision A





R65, R25, R36/37/38, R45

GHS Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye

Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Route Of Entry

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

May cause irritation. Excessive breathing of high vapor concentration can cause Acute (Immediate)

Inhalation, Skin, Eye, Ingestion/Oral

possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation.

Chronic (Delayed)

Skin

Refer to other information found in Section 11-Toxicology.

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

May cause irritation.

May cause irritation.

Repeated and prolonged exposure to the skin may cause dermatitis.

Eye

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate)

May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Chronic (Delayed)

Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful.

Carcinogenic Effects

This product or one of its ingredients present at 0.1% or more is listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. See Section 11 - Toxicological Information for more details.

	Carcinogenic Effects			
	CAS IARC NTP			
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Under Consideration	

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

	Hazardous Components						
Chemical Name	CAS	%(wt)	UN;EINECS	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive		
Asphalt	8052-42-4	30% TO 40%	NA1999, 232-490-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >5000 mg/kgInhalation-Rat LC50 · >94.4 mg/m³	WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2 EU DSD/DPD:		
Mineral spirits	8052-41-3	8% TO 15%	232-489-3		EU DSD/DPD: Carc.Cat.2; R45 Muta.Cat.2; R46 Xn; R65		
Cellulose	9004-34-6	2% TO 6%	232-674-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >5 g/kgInhalation-Rat LC50 ·>5800 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s)Skin-Rabbit LD50 · >2 g/kg	WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2B UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2 EU DSD/DPD:		
Bentonite	1302-78-9	1% TO 5%	215-108-5	NDA	WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: STOT RE 2		
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 1%	202-436-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · 5 g/kgInhalation-Rat LC50 · 18000 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s)	UN GHS: Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation); Aquatic Chronic 2; Flam. Liq. 3; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT RE 2; STOT SE 2 EU DSD/DPD: R10Xn; R20Xi; R36/37/38N; R51 R53		
Benzene, 1,3,5- trimethyl	108-67-8	< 1%	UN2325, 203-604-4		R10 Xi; R37 N; R51 R53		

Non-Hazardous Components						
Chemical Name CAS %(wt) UN;EINECS LD50/LC50 EU R &					EU R & S Phrases	Other
Water	7732-18-5	35% TO 45%	231-791-2		NDA	

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Skin - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If irritation develops and

persists, get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact Eye lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical Ingestion personnel. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media - LARGE FIRE: Water spray, fog or regular foam. SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use direct stream of water.

Firefighting Procedures Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Avoid water in a straight hose stream as the stream will cause splatter and spread fire. If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground and are ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations near the

- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons.

point of release.

Unusual Fire and Explosion

Hazards

Hazardous Combustion

Products

Protection of Firefighters

Flash Point

Explosion Limits

Upper 6 % Lower .9 %

Autoignition Temperature 450 °F(232°C)

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Do not handle damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stay upwind and Ventilate the area before entry.

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate **Emergency Procedures**

105°F(40°C) CC (Closed Cup)

area). Stop leak if you can without risk. Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Persons not wearing the appropriate PPE should be removed from the area until the spill is cleaned up. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

Combustible liquid. May release irritating or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors.

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. **Environmental Precautions**

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Containment/Clean-up Measures

Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in suitable container. Do not use water to flush spill area.

Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Prohibited Materials

- Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling

- KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN! Keep away from heat and ignition sources – No Smoking. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep container/package tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. No open flames, no sparks and no smoking.

Special Packaging Materials

- No data available

Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources

- Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms



Respiratory

 In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If listed exposure limits are expected to be exceeded, use approved respirtory protection suitable for the hazard.

Eye/Face Hands Skin/Body - Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Skin/Body General Industrial Hygiene Wear chemical protective gloves made of Nitrile or Neoprene.

General Industrial Hyg Considerations Engineering Measures/Controls - Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Avoid breathing vapors.

 Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Use precaution to protect building intake from fumes and vapors created outdoors.

Exposure Limits/Guidelines Result **ACGIH OSHA United States - California Canada Ontario** 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 10 mg/m3 PEL (total dust); 5 Cellulose 10 mg/m3 TWAEV (paper **TWAs** 10 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3 PEL (respirable 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable (9004-34-6) fibre, total dust) fraction) fraction) mineral 500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 100 ppm PEL; 525 mg/m3 spirits **TWAs** 100 ppm TWA 525 mg/m3 TWAEV TWA PFI (8052-41-3)0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as 0.5 mg/m3 TWAEV (fume, **Asphalt** TWAs benzene soluble aerosol, inhalable, as benzene-Not established 5 mg/m3 PEL (fume) (8052-42-4) soluble aerosol) fume, inhalable fraction)

Exposure Control Notations

ACGIH

• Asphalt (8052-42-4):Carcinogens:A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free)

Key to abbreviations

PEL = Permissible Exposure Level determined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Form - Liquid

Appearance/Description - Thick black paste (semi-liquid)

Color: Black		Odor: Petroleum solvent odor.			
Taste: NDA		Odor Threshold: NDA			
Boiling Point:	300 to 400 F(148.8889 to 204.4444 C)	Vapor Pressure:	= 2 mmHg (torr) @ 68 F(20 C)		
Melting Point:	NDA	Vapor Density:	= 1 Air=1		
Specific Gravity/Relative Density:	= 1.046 Water=1	Evaporation Rate:	NDA		
Density:	= 8.71 lbs/gal	VOC (Wt.):	= 1.66 lbs/gal		
Bulk Density:	NDA	VOC (Vol.):	< 250 g/L		
pH:	NDA	Volatiles (Wt.):	NDA		
Water Solubility:	NDA	Volatiles (Vol.):	= 60 %		
Solvent Solubility:	Yes	Flash Point:	>105° F(40°C)		
Viscosity:	NDA	Flash Point Test Type:	CC (Closed Cup)		
Coefficient of Water:	NDA	Autoignition:	450 F(232.2222 C)		

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and flame.

Incompatible Materials

- Strong oxidizers and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Component Name	Concentration	CAS	Data
Water	35% TO 45%	7732-18-5	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>90 mL/kg
Asphalt	30% TO 40%	8052-42-4	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>94.4 mg/m3 Tumorigen/Carcinogen: ; skn-mus TD :69 gm/kg/43W-I; skn-mus TDLo:905gm/kg/2Y-I
Cellulose	ellulose 2% TO 6% 9004		Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>5800 mg/m3/4H; skn-rbt LD50:>2 gm/kg
Bentonite	1% TO 5%	1302-78-9	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-mus TDLo:14 gm/kg/7D-I
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1%	95-63-6	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:18000 mg/m3/4H

Other Component Information

IARC has concluded that the following chemicals in this product are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1): silica, quartz. ACGIH has designated the following chemicals in this product as suspected human carcinogens (A2): silica, quartz. NTP has listed the following chemicals in this product as known human carcinogens: silica, quartz. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to this product as a dust or aerosol mist.

Other Information

This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation in recent studies. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Fate- No data available.Persistence/Degradability- No data available.Bioaccumulation Potential- No data available.Mobility in Soil- No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product

 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT – Department of Transportation - Not Regulated when shipped in containers <119 gallons.

TDG Transportation Other Information: Not Restricted under General Exemption for small container packaging.

TDG - **Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods:** Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III 1.33 Class 3, Flammable Liquids

IMO/IMDG –International Maritime Transport • IMDG Code 2.3.2.5 - exempted from marking, labeling & testing of packages.

IATA - International Air Transport Association - TARS, LIQUID; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard Classifications Risk & Safety Phrases

- Acute, Chronic
- California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right To Know					
Component	CAS	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Water	7732-18-5	No	No	No	No
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
mineral spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bentonite	1302-78-9	No	No	No	No
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes	No	No	No

Inventory					
Component CAS EU EINECS TSCA					
Water	7732-18-5	Yes	Yes		
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes		
mineral spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes		
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes		
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Yes	Yes		

Inventory				
Component CAS		EU EINECS	TSCA	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes	
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl 108-67-8		Yes	Yes	

United States

Environment

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 515	- Ellission Keport	iiig	
 Cellulose 	9004-34-6	2% TO 6%	Not Listed
 Asphalt 	8052-42-4	30% TO 40%	Not Listed
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 1%	1.0 % de minimis concentration
 Bentonite 	1302-78-9	1% TO 5%	Not Listed
• Water	7732-18-5	35% TO 45%	Not Listed
 mineral spirits 	8052-41-3	8% TO 15%	Not Listed
 Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl 	108-67-8	< 1%	Not Listed

Section 16 - Other Information

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. UTILITY urges the customers receiving this Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents, and contractors of the information on the sheets. The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, UTILITY cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.

